## A FINE GAME OF BASE-BALL

For Seven Innings the New Yorks Fail to Score a Run Off Shreve's Pitching,

While the Indianapolis Team Makes Two Runs Off Keefe, but the Luck Turns and the Hoosiers Lose at Last-Other Games.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal New York, Aug. 6.-Keefe didn't find his arm quite so lame as he thought it was when he left Boston on Saturday. At any rate, the injury he received then had no perceptible effect on his work to-day, and he won his seven teenth successive game. Still, had Keefe not had eight good men and true behind him the tale would have been different. At one time it looked very much like a shut-out for the Giants. gentlemen who represent the home next President seemed to feel incumbent on them to down the League leaders. The Indianapolis club placed their reliance on Mr. Shreve, a a young gentleman famous for smoking cigarettes, and of making chimpanzees out of the New York and Detroit sluggers. Shreve came pretty near repeating his usual trick. Indeed, to the eighth inning, the score stood 2 to 0, in favor of the Hoosiers. It was growing darker and threatening rain, and the 3,500 spectators were in an agony of apprehension lest the game would be called.

Then it was that the Giants knocked out the necessary runs to win the contest. Richardson hit a ball over the ropes, on which, as it was blocked, he made a home run. Tiernan fouled out to Buckley; Roger Conner went to first on balls, and trotted around to third on O'Rourke's single. Then Mike Slattery, who made his first appearance since his made a hit which brought in Connor and O'Rourke, with what proved to be the winning runs. The visitors scored in the first, earning a run on Seery's three-base hit and Hines's single; a base on balls, a sacrifice and Bassett's single earned another run in the sixth. The game was remarkable for clean fielding, Glasscock, Ward and Richardson greatly distinguishing themselves. Ewing caught a fine game as usual, but was handicapped by a lame

NEW Y	ORK.		_4		13	IDL	N.	PO	LIS.		
B	B PC		E		1	120	R	B		A	E
Ward 0	3 2	5	0	Seer	7.0		1	1	2	0	0
Rich'son, 2 1 Fiernan, r. 0	1 1	3	0	Den	ny.	3	0	0	2	1	1
liernan, r. O	1 1	. 0	0,	Hin	ê.,	m.,	0	2	3	0	0
Connor, 1. 1	1 11	0	2	Glas	s'k	. S	0	0	6	5	0
O'Ro'rke, 11	1 2	0	0	Bass	sett	. 2.	0	1	0	5 2	1
81't'ry m. 0	1 0	0	1	Eat.	br'k	. 1 .	0	1	6	1	ō
Whitney, 3 0 Ewing, c 0 Keefe, p 0	1 1	1	0	M'G	esc	y.r	0	1	3	0	0
Ewing. c. 0	0 9	3	0	Shre	ve.	D.,	0	0	0	3	1
Keefe. p 0	1 0	12	1	B'kl	ev.	ċ	0	1	6	3	1
		-	-	Mye	PS.	3	1	0	0	0	ā
Totals 3	10 27	24	4					_	_		_
				To	otal	s	2	7	27	15	4
Score by in											
New York Indianapolis	50001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0-	-3

Earned runs-New York, 3; Indianapolis, O. hree-base hit -Seery.

Bruck out—Ewing, Keefe, Seery, Denny. Hines,

Baseock, Bassett (2), Esterbook, McGeachy,

Brown (2), Brown (2), Esterbook, McGeachy, Shreve (2). Buckley. Passed balls-Ewing, 2. Wild pitch-Shreve.

ing, aided by the loose work of White, enabled the Washingtons to defeat the visitors to-day. The visitors batted hard, but not effectively. cliffe fielded brilliantly, while Arundel's work at

WASHIN	GT	ON.		DETR	OIT.			
B		PO	A	-		B PO	A	E
Hoy. m 0	1	2	0	0	Hanlon, m. 2	3 1	0	0
Wilmot, L. 1	1	0	0	0	Bro'th'rs, 1 0	2 14	0	0
Myers, 2 1	0	5	2	0	Suteliffe, s 0	2 1	8	0
Daily, r 1	2	2	1	0	White, 3 0	0 0	2	3
) Brien, 1. 1	1	8	0	0	Thom's'n,r 0	1 3	0	0
Don'elly, 3 1						0 1	3	1
fuller, s0	o	1	6	0	Bennett, c. 1	2 5	2	1
Arundel, c 0	2	6	1	Õ	Tw'ch'l, 1 0	0 1	ō	o
O'Day, p 0	~	Ö			Gruber, p. 0	1 0	a	ň

\*Arundel declared out for leaving base before ball

Score by innings: 

Earned runs—Washington, 2; Detroit, 3. Two-base hit—O'Brien. Three-base hit—Arundel. Home runs—Bennett, Daily. Stolen bases—Wilmot (2), Hanlon (3). Double play—Donnelly and Myers. First base on balls—Fuller, Arundel, O'Day, Hanlon, Thompson. Hit by pitched ball—Myers, Brouthers, Bennett (2). First base on errors—Washington, 1; Detroit, 2. Struck out—Hoy, Myers, Daily, Tucker (2), Brouthers, Gruber (3). Passed ball—Arundel, 1. Time—1:50. Umpire—Powers. Time-1:50. Umpire-Powers.

### American Association. LOUISVILLE, 2; BROOKLYN, O.

ing. Mack got to first on an error by Smith and scored on Ewing's two-base hit. Collins reached home on Browning's hit to center.

Loca	20.0	LL	/ E		BROOKLIN.					
	R					R	1B	PO		36
Mack, 2	1	1	0	5	0	Pinckn'y.30	0	0	0	1
Collins, l	1	1	3	0	0	O'Brien, 1. 0	0	2	0	0
Wolf. s	0	1	2	4	0	C'r'th'rs, p 0	0	2	6	0
Br'n'ng, m	0	2	2	0	0	Foutz, 1 0	0	12	2	0
Kerins, r	0	2	2	0	2	Smith, s 0	0	2	3	2
Andr'ws. 1		0	15	0	0	Clarke, r 0	1	0	0	0
Werrick, 3.	0	1	0	6	0	Radford, m 0	0	2	0	0
Vaughan, c	0	0	2	0	0	Burdock, 20	2	2	2	0
Ewing, p		0	1	1	0	Bushong, c 0	1	5	1	0
Totals	2	8	27	14	2	Totals 0	4	27	14	3

Brooklyn...... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0 Two-base hits-Collins, Kerins, Stolen base-Browning. Double play-Burdock, Smith and Foutz. First base on balls-Caruthers. First base

Stopped by Rain. two ball games here before either could complete the necessary five innings. In the Chicago-Philadelphia game, two innings were played, with a score 2 to 1 in favor of Philadelphia. Four innings were completed in the Athletic-St. Louis game, and, as in the game on the other grounds, the home club had scored

postponement of the Pittsburg-Boston game.

## Base-Ball Notes.

The Stockyard Base-ball Club, of Indianapolis, and the Franklin Blues played a game of ball at Franklin yesterday. The score was 20 to 5, in favor of the Blues.

On Sunday the Covington club defeated Hillsborough. Gebhart had his finger knocked out of place in the first inning. After playing in the out field two innings he went back and caught. The score was: Covington, 19; Hills-

## The Coming G. A. R. Encampment.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 6. - Commander Rae, of the Grand Army of the Republic, was here today to consult with the grand council and look over the arrangements for the accommodation of the veterans at the encampment in September. He expresses bimself as delighted with the accommodations and the extensive preparations that are being made, and believes that it will be the largest gathering of the Grand Army which has been held. He has no doubt as to the extent and character of the accommodations which will be offered, and says the old soldiers will be agreeably disappointed when they see

## what has been done. Damsging Storm in Missourl.

ST. Louis, Aug. 6 .- A disastrous storm visited the central section of Missouri at an early bour this morning. Great damage to crops was entailed, and the losses on town property are heavy. In the vicinity of Glasgow it is estimated that crops are injured 50 per cent, while the damage to dwellings and business houses will exceed \$50,000. Robert Patterson. of Salisbury. Mo., was seriously injured by being struck by flying debris. At Oran, the damage was beavy, especially to crops. The Catholic Church at New Hamburg was wrecked, and one characteristics. The control of the railroad depot at Coney blown out.

At Marshal',, the storm was accompanied by hail, and the damage was severe. At Slater the Baptist C aurch and two business houses were demolished. In Saline county the damage will reach \$2 00,000. There was general wreckage at Stanbe ry; the crops are badly injured. In Pettis cor nty corn-fields suffered most, the growing grain being laid flat. The loss at Norborne and vicin ity reaches \$100,000. In Shelby county severe at St. Louis, but did no damage worthy of note.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Indications. WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.

For Indiana and Lower Michigan-Generally fair, slightly cooler, except in northern portion of lower Michigan, slightly warmer; winds generally westerly. For Ohio-Light rains, followed on Tuesday afternoon and night by fair winds, becoming

For Wisconsin-Light local rains; nearly stationary temperature; winds generally west-For Illinois-Generally fair; nearly stationa-

generally westerly.

# ry temperature; variable winds.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	R. H.	Wind.	Weather	Pres
A. M P. M	29.84		54	West.	Lt. rain. Clear. Clear.	0.14

Normal..... \*0.13 -0.23 -5.66 \*Plus. General Observations. WASHINGTON, Aug. 6, 7 P. M. Bar- | Thermometer. | Pre-Exp. Max Min. tut'n Weath

Charlotte, N. C. 29.92 86 96 72 ... Clear. Charleston, S. C. 29.94 84 96 80 ... Clear. Atlanta, Ga. ... 29.96 84 92 70 ... Fair. Jacksonville, Fla. 30.00 78 94 78 .10 Fair. Titusville, Fla. 30.02 84 90 ... .36 Clear. Pensacola, Fla. . 30.04 78 90 78 ... Cloudy Montgomery, Ala 30.00 80 96 74 .04 Cloudy Vicksburg, Miss. 29.92 88 94 78 ... Fair. New Orleans, La. 29.98 82 92 68 .08 Fair. Shreveport, La. . 29.88 90 98 76 ... Clear. Fort Smith, Ark. 29.80 88 98 74 ... Clear. Little Rock, Ark. 29.86 88 94 76 ... Clear. Galveston, Tex. . 29.88 88 94 76 ... Clear. Galveston, Tex. . 29.88 88 94 76 ... Clear. Palestine, Tex. . 29.88 88 94 76 ... Clear. Abilene, Tex. . 29.84 90 98 ... Clear. San Antonio, Tex 29.84 90 98 ... Clear. Brownsville, Tex. 29.92 84 90 78 ... Clear. El Paso, Tex. . 29.68 98 100 76 ... Clear. Clear.

58 1.64 Cloudy 70 .06 Fair. 72 .02 Clear. 64 .... Clear. 66 T Fair. 64 .... Clear.

64 ... Clear, 52 .12 Cloudy 50 .01 Clear. 62 ... Clear.

T Cloudy

78 .... Clear. 76 .... Clear. 74 .... Clear. 76 .... Clear.
76 .... Clear.
72 .... Clear.
70 T Clear.
66 .08 Clear.
70 .... Clear.
62 .30 Clear.
64 .26 Clear.
62 .14 Clear.
60 .44 Clear.

Time-2:10. Umpire-Kelly. Other League Games.

WASHINGTON, 5; DETROIT, 3.

68 .... Clear. 70 .... Clear. Davenport, Ia.... 29.84
Dubuque, Ia.... 29.84
Des Moines, Ia... 29.88
St. Louis, Mo... 29.90
Springfield, Mo... 29.78
Kansas City, Mo. 29.88
Ft. Sill, Ind. T... 29.68
Dodge City, Kan. 29.74
Concordia, Kan. 29.86
Omaha, Neb... 29.92
North Platte, Neb. 29.94
Valenting, Neb... 29.90 WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.-Almost perfect field-60 ..... Clear. 66 Clear.
66 T Fair.
64 Clear.
72 Clear.
62 Clear.
58 Cloudy 96 104 8 6 90 7 4 80 72 78 The fielding of Daily was particularly fine, and one of his catches of a long fly, when the bases were full, saved at least two runs and was 52 .02 Rain. 42 .02 Cloud Valentine, Neb... 29.90 62 Yankton, D. T... 29.86 76 Ft. Sully, D. T... 29.86 70 Huron, D. T... 29.84 72 Bismarck, D. T.. 29.85 66 Rapid City, D. T. 29.94 60 Ft. Buford, D. T. 29.85 60 Miniedosa N. W. T. 29.84 greeted with great applause. Fuller and Sut-56 .... Cloudy 44 .01 Clear. 46 .20 Cloudy 48 T Cloudy 38 .... Fair. 66 .... .62 Cloudy

Rapid City, D. T. 29, 34 60
Ft. Buford, D. T. 29, 84 60
Min edosa, N.W. T 29, 62 50
Ft. As nab ne, M. T 3 0, 00 62
Ft. Custer, M. T. 36, 00 60
Boise City, I. T. 79, 96 78
Cheyenne, Wy. T. 29, 92 62
Ft. Washakie, Wy 30, 08 50
Ft. M'Kinn'y, W. T. 29, 94 56
Denver, Col. 37, 70 66 50 .01 Cloudy 52 .... Cloudy 64 62 62 52 .... Cloudy
64 48 .06 Clear.
80 50 .... Clear.
76 48 T Cloudy
74 46 .26 Rain.
58 48 T Fair.
82 .50 T Fair.
92 64 .... Clear.
84 58 .... Clear.
80 56 .... Clear. 46 .26 Rain. 48 T Fair. 50 T Fair. Pueblo, Col...... 29.56 90 Totals... 5 7 27 15 1 Totals.. 3 11 26 21 5 Montrose, Col. 29.70 82 Santa Fe, N. 74. 29.76 80 Salt Lake Chty.... 29.84 80

T-Trace, of precipitation.

been closed since Saturday.

in behalf of their client.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Obituary.

PAR'IS, Ill., July 6 .- W. A. Wozencraft died

in this city this afternoon, after a prolonged ill-

nets, of consumption. Mr. Wozencraft was

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 6.-Voges &

Treipke's large flouring-mills, two miles north-

west of this city, together with a large lot of

flour, bran and wheat, were destroyed by fire

at 9 o'clock to-night. Loss on mili, \$50,000; on

stock, \$6,000; insurance on mill. \$25.000; no in-

surance on stock. The fire is supposed to have

been the work of an incindiary, as the mill has

upon the subject which they had been unable to

prepare and bring with them. The Governor

therefore granted a postponement of the hear-

ing until Wednesday, when the attorneys for

the condemned man will make their final effor:

still working in it. The new find is one of the

most important ever encountered in all the iron-

born in Cincinnati, July 4, 1832, and located in

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.-The Brooklyn and Louisville clubs played at Washington Park, Brooklyp, to-day. Louisville won in the eighth inn-

LOUISVILLE.	BROOKLYN.	
Mack. 2 1 1 0 5	Pinckn'y,30 0 0 0 1	The Effort in Behaif of Maxwell.
Collins, L. 1 1 3 0 0	O'Brien, 1. 0 0 2 0 0	Sr. Louis, Mo., Aug. 6.—Governor Moore- house returned to Jefferson City to-day and
	C'r'th'rs, p 0 0 2 6 0 Fontz, 1 0 0 12 2 0	gave a hearing to Messrs. Martin and Fauntle-
Kerins, r 0 2 2 0 5	Smith, s 0 0 2 3 2	roy, attorneys for Hugh M. Brooks, alias Max-
	Clarke, r 0 1 0 0 0 Radford, m 0 0 2 0 0	well, on the request that a further respite be granted Brooks, as asked by the British Minis-
Vaughan, e 0 0 2 0 0	Burdock, 20 2 2 2 0	try. The Governor announced that he was
Ewing, p 0 0 1 1 0	Bushong, c 0 1 5 1 0	ready to pass upon the application asked for by
Totals 2 8 27 14 2	Totals 0 4 27 14 3	Minister West, and stated that if there was no other reason than that stated in the
Score by innings:		papers received from Secretary Bayard, he
Louisville0		wou d not interfere with the sentence. Brooks's
Brooklyn 0	0000000000	attorneys replied that they had papers bearing

on errors-Louisville, 2. Struck out-Andrews (2), Werrick, Vaughan.

Important Iron Discoveries. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6 .- Rain stopped the MARQUETTE, Mich., Aug. 6 .- For several months the Pittsburg and Lake Superior Mining Company has been prospecting with diamond drills on the range midway between this place and Negaunee. The result of their work has just been made public, and there is a general rush for options all along that range clear through to the lake, in the southern limit of this city. The drill in the last hole at a depth of seventeen feet encountered mixed ore, and at a depth two runs to the visitors' one. of 1,455 feet clear ore was struck through which Borron, Aug. 6 .- Rain made necessary the drill has worked for forty-five feet and is

> bearing district, and established the fact that the deposit runs clear through to the lake.

American Fishermen Captured. ST. ANDREWS, N. B., Aug. 6.-A sensation has been caused here by the arrival of the Dominion cruiser Dream with an American vessel in tow. On Saturday, Wm. Danbury, of East-port, who is commonly known as the king haddock fisherman of the Maine coast, and Charles Black, set sail from a border town on a fishing expedition in Canadian waters. They failed to provide themselves with license. They safled as far as Campobello, and were just getting ready to fish when the commander of the cruiser caught sight of them and bore down upon them. The two fishermen tried hard to cross into American waters, but were overhauled and made prisoners. The fishery department was

Whole Family Murdered. Sr. Louis, Mo., Aug. 6.-Information comes rom the Choctaw Nation that a family named Myers, consisting of husband, wife and two children, were murdered on the Red river about forty miles above Denison, Tex., ten days ago. They were from the Upper Racquette, Michigan.

and were on a trapping and fishing expedition.

or what are known as "line-riders."

Return of Eacke's Comet. Boston, Aug. 6.-A cablegram from the European Union of Astronomers announces the discovery of Encke's comet on its present return, at the Royal Observatory, Cape of Good Hope, on Friday evening. The discovery position is the following: Aug. 3, 2: 57: 6, Greenwich, mean

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

The Daily Chronicle of Happenings of Various Kinds in the Two States.

Death of Crowley, One of the Men Stabbed by Scott-Closing of the Noblesville Reunion -Young Fruit Thieves Shot-Gleanings.

INDIANA. Death of Cornelius Crowley One of the Men Stabbed by Scott at Elkhart.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKHART, Aug. 6 .- Cornelius Crowley, who was stabbed by Ben Scott, the Missourian, when the latter also stabbed George Newell and James Smith, died very unexpectedly this forenoon at 10:30. He was apparently improving up to within five minutes of the time of his death. It is supposed that Scott's knife partly severed an artery, which finally gave away entirely, and that hemorrhage followed. Newell and Smith are improving. Scott was agitated when informed of his victim's death. Crowley was about thirty years of age, and was married three months ago. Scott's wealth is said to be \$100-000. He claims he acted in self-defense, but the evidence disproves his statement, showing clearly that he was the assailant. There has been considerable talk, since Crowley's death, of making up a party to lynch Scott at Goshen tonight, but cooler counsel will probably prevail.

· Close of the Noblesville Reunion.

Special to the Indianapolis Journas. Noblesville, Aug. 6. - The encampment and reunion of the Central Indiana Veteran Soldiers' and Sailors' Association closed to-day with a great sham-battle, being a repetition of the fight at Pittsburg Landing. The exhibition drills were all that could have been expected, and were the admiration and applause of all. The noise of muskets and cannon broke the stillness, and the lines of the contending armies, as they fought back and forth over the contested field, bring visibly to the minds of old soldiers recollections of other days, when the fight was real, and to the civilian a realization of the term battle. The encampment was in every way a success, although the attendance was not fully as large as was ex-

Found Dead on a Road.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TIPTON, Aug. 6. - John T. Mozingo, one of the most prosperous farmers of this county, was found dead on the road, three miles northwest of here, at 11 o'clock last night. He died of heart trouble.

Minor Notes.

Frank Williams, who was injured by being thrown from his buggy at Windfall, a few days ago, died of his injuries yesterday.

George Crutchfield, the man who was shot by John Hadiev, near Curtisville last week, 18 getting better, and will recover. Hadley has not been captured.

At Rockville, on Sunday, a horse ran off with Roger Tierney, aged about sixteen years, throwing him off and breaking his arm at the wrist He was also badly bruised. Mrs. Malston, wife of Cisro Malston, a farmer

living three miles west of Windfall, stepped on a nail one day last week, the nail passing through the foot, from the effects of which she went into spasms, became unconscious, and remained in that condition five days, dying from the injury. Charles Mathey, of Cincinnati, visiting his aunt in Indianapolis, was at Turkey Run Sunday. He got overheated, ate a large dinner and was swinging in one of the swings when he fell out and had ten spasms. It took six strong men to hold him, and Rockville people, especially Dr. W. D. Mull, did all in their power for his relief. He is in a critical condition and

may never get well. At Noblesville, yesterday, during the noon hour, Mr. A. Hawkins, jeweler, closed his store, and on returning opened the front door in time to see a thief disappearing through the rear door. Investigation revealed the fact that the thief had carefully selected from the most valuable portion of the stock watches and | davit that the plaintiff was a non-resident he jewelry to the amount of \$700. No clew was obtained other than the description of the fellow as he disappeared through the door of the

ILLINOIS.

Some of the Relics That Will Be Exhibited at the Platt County Reunion.

special to the Indianapolis Journal MONTICELLO, Aug. 6. - Among the relics at the old settlers' reunion at the Platt county fair grounds, Aug. 14, will be the famous gourd used by Gen. W. H. Harrison as a powder-horn at the battle of Tippecanoe, which belongs to R. L. Rawlins, of Mansfield. Col. Jacob Smith will exhibit his English stub-barrel shot-gun won on the election of Old Tippecanos in 1840. Governor Oglesby and Uncle Dantel Stickle will play the good old pioneer tunes that they played fity years ago, when Uncle Dan taught Oglesby and Tasteless the Hours," and Oglesby played it many a time in the old log cabins of Illinois. this city in 1855. He was elected Mayor of this Judge James H. Matheny, of Springfield, will city in 1871, 1873 and 1893. He organized the be the orator of the day, and will speak from fire department here and served five consecutive the old log cabin, the first ever erected in Piatt county, sixty-six years ago, and now on exhibi-

tion at the fair grounds. Young Fruit Thieves Seriously Shot.

QUINCY, Aug. 6 - Three boys-Herman Kemper, Otto Bergman, and Ed. Hogenbaum-each about ten years old, were stealing apples in orchard in the south part of the city, yesterday, when they were discovered by Roder, an employe of the owner. Roder got a double barreled shot-gun, and, creeping up to the boys, emptied both barrels at short range. All the boys were wounded, Kemper seriously. A base-ball game was in progress near by, and the police and crowd rushed to the scene of the shooting. Roder was arrested after a struggle, and for a time it looked as if the crowd intended to take the law in their own hands, but the prisoner reached the station in safety.

Texas Cattle Fever at Mattoon.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MATTOON, Aug. 6 .- Asssistant State Veterinarian Reed, of Decatur, has investigated the cattle affected with fever in this town and pronounces it of the genuine Texas brand. Up to Saturday evening fifteen cows had died of the fever, and others are affected, but with good attention it is thought the disease can be prevented from spreading further. The fence along the track of the Illinois Central railway had been down for a distance of two miles, and it is thought the cows took the disease from feeding along where the offal and bedding from Texas cattle cars had been dropped.

The Inquiry as to the Hanging of Moore.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MATTOON, Aug. 6 .- A special term of the Coles county Circuit Court was convened at Charleston to-day, for the purpose of investigating the recent illegal hanging of Wm. Moore, colored. After notifying the sheriff to summon twenty-three men to serve on the special grand jury, Judge Hughes adjourned court until 1 o'clock to-morrow. It is said that a half dozen of the suspects are absent at present.

AT GAMP ACTON.

The Lecture Course Continues to Delight Good Audiences with Its Riches.

The attendance at the lecture and other exercises is good. Yesterday prayer and speaking meetings were held. Last night the Rev. R. D. Black, of Greensburg, delivered a lecture on "America's Luck or Providence; Which?" The lecturer spoke in general of what the world calls "luck," and by tracing the history of our country showed that its growth and present condition were not at all attributable to what the world calls "luck," but to a divine Providence. An idea prevails that those having to do with the camp-meeting are desirous of killing the

path will lecture on "Catherine of Russia." Dr. D. W. H. Henter, of Lawrenceburg, who is upon the grounds, tenting with his family this week, has consented to deliver a lecture on post which he uses in illustrating his theory. bellion, and thus he is catching it on all sides.

any sense, as the assembly lectures are looked

upon as sources of great good, and encourage-

ment is to be given. To-night John Clark Rid-

He says the Shakspeare of to-day is an ideal Shakspeare. He will deliver this lecture on next Thursday afternoon.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Farm Indebtedness in Indiana. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Recently a member of Congress from the Indianapolis district awakened the indignation of the business and industrial community by a speech at Atlanta, Ga., in which statements were made for the purpose of making it appear that our system of protection is ruinous to working people. That has been very effectually answered, both by the workingmen and the proprietors of our manufacturing industries. But a great slander has lately been made respecting the farming industry of Indiana, for the purpose of showing that the American system of protection is rapidly bringing them to ruin also. Mr. Wheeler, member of Congress from Alabama, in a late spe-ch, which is printed in the Congressional Record, quotes and gives credence to the statement "that the individual indebtedness of farmers had enormously increased in late years," and that the mortgage indebtedness of the farmers of Indiana now amounts to \$685,000,000. If the efforts of the press of Great Britain and the Cobden Club must be supplemented by such bold falsehoods to sustain the theories of free trade, then must the situation be desperate indeed. Here are the facts in regard to farm and real estate mortgage indebtedness in Indiana for two periods.

In 1882 I was at the head of the Indiana Bureau of Statistics, and gathered some facts on this subject from the county recorders, who were, and are yet, required to report to that department when called on. That year reports of the real estate indebtedness were obtained from thirty-one counties, in all sections of the State. This is one-third of the counties. The report of the department of that year shows these facts: Thirty-one counties, school-fund mort-Thirty-one counties, all other real estate

Total, one-third of the State ...... \$8,888,757 Reported and estimated whole State. \$26,666,271 During that year payments and satisfaction of real estate mortgages were made to the

mortgages.....

amount of \$4,923,694. In 1886 the present Chief of the State Bureau. Mr. Peelle, obtained the following facts on the same subject, which will be found published in the report of that year:

Thirty-two counties, school fund mort-Thirty-two counties, all other real estate \$228,096 mortgages..... 5,661.032 Total..... \$5,889,128

Reported and estimated whole State. \$17,667,384 Payments and satisfaction of real estate mortgages were made and entered that year from these counties amounting to \$3,221,309. Thus it is seen that in the counties reported and estimated on the same basis, there was a reduction of the real estate mortgage indebtedness of nearly \$9,000,000 in four years. It must be remembered also that the mortgages reported and estimated for both periods embrace all real estate indebtedness, in the cities and towns as well as on farms and lands, and the former as known to be proportionately large. It should be said that Marion county, and therefore Indianapolis, was not reported, nor included in the estimates.

If the statement in Mr. Wheeler's speech should stand unchallenged, it would work harm if not ruin to the credit of the State. It is hard to properly characterize the despicable statements which free traders seem to think necessary to buttress the British policy they are trying to foist on this country. JNO. B. CONNER. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.

The Fisher-Kuhlman Trouble. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journals The following item appeared in last Sunday's

"Dr. A. K. Fisher and William Kuhlman became partners in the publication of two Catholic papers, one here and the other in Chicago. A Dr. Fisher sold his interest to Kuhlman and then became the editor under contract, which was to give him a certain per cent, of the property. Dr. Fisher brought suit for non-fulment of contract, and by Kuhlman making affihad to give bond for costs, but the Doctor got judgment for \$200 and then had Kuhlman arrested for perjury, stating that he knew Fisher was a resident of the county when he made his affidavit."

The facts therein are not stated correctly. A K. Fisher brought suit against Wm. Kuhlman for \$200 due under contract. The jury, after six days' trial, returned a verdict for Kuhlman, not Fisher. On the trial Fisher testified that he was the guest of Henry Guetig here, and that he maintained his family at No. 346 Center street, Chicago, Ill. Kuhlman, knowing these facts, filed affidavit of his non-residence, and Fisher was made to give bond for costs. After his defeat in the lawsuit Fisher made affidavit before Feibleman that Kuhlman had committed perjury in making affidavit of his non-residence. and Kuhlman was arrested and gave bail. Fisher will be proved a non-resident. Kuhlman is highly esteemed among the Germans of this

JOHN ITTENBACH. Porter-The Way Out.

to the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Mr. Porter's declining to be a candidate for the nomination to the governorship does not originate such serious difficulties as many seem to Popose. It is truly a manly situation. The efevention, however, is not bound. It is in no cense compelled to nominate a man because he is a candidate, or ignore one because he is not candidate. It wants to select the best man and this is what it meets for, to select the man for the emergency. Unless Mr. Porter has other and insuperable objections than those he names there is no difficulty in nominating him by acclamation. Let the convention first of all cast a ballot that shall express the voice of the people, the public demand. This will at once solve the difficulty. The convention does not meet to thwart but to express the voice of the people. In the expressive words of Mr. Lincoln, "this is no time to swap horses." Let the convention nominate Mr. Porter and it will voice the overwhelming sentiment of the people of the State. Let them be careful, too, in the nomination of a Lieutenant-governor and all will be right. SPENCER, Ind. B. F. RAWLINS.

MR. EGAN AND POLITICS. He Tells What He Saw and Heard on His

Trip East. Nebraska State Journal. A Journal reporter met Hon. Patrick Egan yesterday afternoon, and chatted with him a few moments on the political situation. Mr.

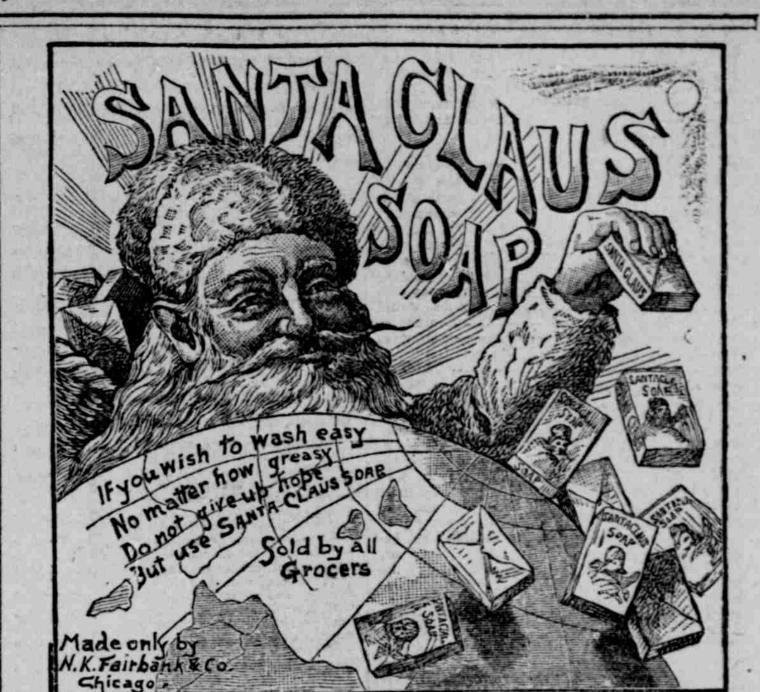
Egan has just returned from quite a little trip in the East, and as he is an observing man, his report of what he saw and heard in a political way is particularly valuable. Mr. Eegan's first stopping place was at Chicago, where he found the Republicans very active and enthusiastic for the ticket and the platform, which everywhere is regarded as one of the masterpieces in the way of public documents. The Hon. Alexander Sullivan, though

not at present actively engaged in politics, is

working hard in a quiet way for the success of

the Rapublican nominees. From Chicago Mr. Egan went to New York. There he found the same feeling existing, only, if possible, in a more intense degree. He was informed by many well-informed people-people who mix and mingle with all classes -- that the enthusiasm was unbounded, and that the Republicans would carry the State from 30,000 to 50,000 votes. The enthusiasm was very pronounced among the Irish-Americans. Not so much with them on account of the personnel of the ticket, for they were Blaine men, but on account of the protective features of the platform. They desire to emphasize their dislike for what they term the English or free-trade doctrines of Cleveland and his party. Mr. Patrick Ford, of the Irish World, is quite pronounced in favor of the Republican candidates and the platform. Many old-time Democrats are leaving the party and joining a party of progressive ideas, and one that has an American policy intended to build

up the laboring, commercial and manufacturing interests of this Nation. From New York Mr. Egan went to Cincinnati, and there he saw a strong, steady, healthy feeling for the ticket. One could not stay in that city aday and not be convinced that Ohio was all right for the ticket-there is no doubt of the results in that State. This "Old Roman" business about Thurman is all nonsense, and it is not adding to his popularity. Thurman has a certain rugged honesty in his make-up that causes the rank and file of his party to distrust him. This has been shown in many cases in his life, and only in his old age, when he would rather seek the comforts of a life of retirement, is be in any way rewarded for his services and devotion to his party, and such a reward as it is! Given a second place on a ticket with a man his inferior in every respect except in avoirdupois. the "Authorship, of Shakspeare." He takes the position that Shakspeare did not write the plays attributed to him. He has a half dezen life-size, well-authoricated portraits of the copperhead record during the war of the re-







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GEORGE A. RICHARDS,

77 South Illinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind. TELEPHONE 364 THE SWEETEST AND MOST NUTRITIOUS.

Quite recently there has been organized in Cincinnati an Irish-American Republican Club of 300 in number, a majority of whom were, until quite recently, members of the Democratic party. This is only a straw to show the feeling

throughout the State. Mr. Egan's next stopping-place was at Indianapolis, the home of the Republican candidate for the presidency. He reports that city in a state of chronic excitement ever since the nomination. Hardly a day passes but what there is a delegation of from 500 to 1,500 calling on Gen. Harrison to pay their respects, congratulate him on his nomination and assure him of their devotion to the cause which he represents. The day Mr. Egan called on the General there were twenty-seven car-loads of callers from two counties in the State. It is quite certain that Indiana will be carried for the ticket by at least 10,000 majority. He found Gresham's friends working with vim, energy and enthusiasm for the success of the party. He talked with many Democrats concerning Harrison's candidacy, and all spoke of him in the highest terms of praise,

and many said that they intended to vote for Mr. Egan had a very pleasant interview with General Harrison for about an hour, and the whole subject of the campaign was discussed. Of this interview Mr. Egan said he desired to shorten it, as he knew how pressed the General was for time, but he would not have it so. Regarding the charge that some parties have made against General Harrison of being cold, haughty, unsympathetic and aristocratic, Mr Egan says that, on the contrary, there is not a particle of those elements in his composition, but he is genial, social, affable, warm-hearted, sympathetic, and a typical American gentleman in every respect. Mr. Egan says that he learned from talking with prominent Irish-Americans of both parties that the Irish cause had no warmer supporter than he. He was always ready to take part in the meetings, and, after the reception given O'Connor and Esmonde, Sir Thomas Esmonde said that if he had spoken in Ireland as Harrison had spoken in Indianapolis on the Irish question, he would have been sent

up for six months for his conduct. At Indianapolis Mr. Egan met General Alger, who had come down from Michigan to spend a day with his successful rival for the Republican nomination. General Alger is very enthusiastic regarding the success of the ticket, and promised that Michigan should give a substantial majority for the nominees.

KING MILAN AND HIS QUEEN.

The Story of the Troubie Told by a Hand Friendly to the Queen.

We are privileged to-day-the day on which her Majesty the Queen of Servia has suffered the forcible abduction of her only child-to print the following, which will enable the public to form a more correct appreciation of the in justice that has been perpetrated by the German government at the bidding of King Milan: WIESBADEN, July 10, 1888.

Alas, the poor Queen! Prostrate in body, but with spirit invincible under all misfortunes, her Majesty awaits the last cruel blow of her hard fate. For the last fourteen days the Queen has never been outside her villa, and of late she has been confined to her room, so worn and exhausted is she by the struggle which, with undaunted courage, she maintains to the end. It is a veritable lioness defending her young. How changed is everything since those early days when, as a young bride, in her picturesque Servian costume, her Majesty was the cynosure of every eye Life seemed so happy to the sixteen-year-old wife-all unknowing of the wars which were to till the principality with bloodshed, or of the discord which was to distract the home. Of all these thirteen years of married disillusion one treasure only remained to her Majesty—her only son, born when the cannon was thundering on the frontiers in the Turkish war of 1876, now a bright boy of twelve. It is this boy whom they are determined to wrest from his mother's

Her Majesty has remained proof to every entreaty, and to every menace she has returned one invariable answer. Never would she give up her son. Never, never! The first emissary, one Popovitch, a member of the Servian Consistory, who undertook to demand from the mother the surrender of her only child, was promptly shown to the door. General Protitch was then dispatched, with credentials signed by all the Servian Ministers, and also, strange to say, by the German minister at Belgrade.

General Protitch is aid-de-camp to King Milan and a member of his Cabinet. His bonorable (!) mission was to deprive the Queen of her son, by her consent if possible, and if that was impossible by stratagem, or in the dernier ressort by invoking the aid of the German police. Her Majesty, of course, would never consent. An attempt to kidnap the Prince was thwarted by the vigilance of his domestics. There only remains the discreditable outrage upon the laws of hospitality that we are awaiting at the hands of

of hospitality that we are awaiting at the hands of the German authorities.

We refused at first to believe that such treachery was possible. When Prince Bismarck telegraphed to Belgrade that "the authorities could do all that the laws permit," we hoped that he would not make his police the tools of the King. Unfortunately our hopes were dashed by an interview which the Princess Mou-

rouz had the other day at Berlin with Count Herbert Bismark. Not till then did we learn the sad truth that to men of blood and iron considerations of hu-manity and of right are as dust in the balance. The German Chancellor insists that she shall give up her son. Two days ago the German police superintendent called at the royal villa and ordered her Majesty to comply with the Chancellor's wishes. The Queen absolutely refused. But of course force majeure is not on her side, and to tear a child from its mother's arm is not beyond the strength of the master of many

Why Prince Bismarck should be subservient to the wishes of such a creature as King Milan, who seems desirous to follow-at a distance-the amatory exploits without the political excuses of the English Henry VIII we do not know. Reasons of state cover many crimes, of which this is not the least. The King is quite crazy about the divorce, and is determined at any cost to rid himself of the Queen.

That is her reward for her submission to his ca-prices. That is the way in which this royal breakand keeps his pleged word. Last year he began the campaign against his wife. He wished, he said, to have his son the heir apparent, brought up in Germany. Her Majesty accepted his will. A formal act was drawn up embodying this arrangement. He signed it, and so did she. This act prescribed where the and her son should reside until the autumn of 1888. It is only in looking over this act that you begin to understand the perildity of the King. You know how her Majesty has been abused for the journey which she took to the Crimea. It has been alleged that it was a crime against her husband for her to visit Russia. But the journey was originally proposed by him, and it was duly set out in the arrangements under the King's hand as one of the obligations imposed upon the Queen. Like all the other obligations, it has been scrupulously obeyed by her Majesty. The King, on the other hand, has repeatedly varied its terms, and has forbidden her to carry out even the stipulations he forced upon her. By this act, or signed arrangement between her Majesty and her husband, it is expressly agreed that her Majesty shall have the care of the Prince until he attains his majority, and that the whole direction and charge of his education shall be in her hands. To demand the surrender of the boy is therefore a gross

time, and the world will see what reliance can be placed on the word of King Milan. It is grossly untrue to say that her Majesty ever played any political role in Servia, unless it be a political role to comfort the wretched, to nurse the wounded, and to care for the forlorn. The Queen only wished to return to Belgrade to her own home, and it was in reply to her request to be allowed to come home that the King notified his application for a di-vorce, to which her Majesty will never consent. Her Majesty never consented to the regency, and she has always been opposed to the abdication of the

breach of faith. This act will be published in due

King. Some day, perhaps before very long, the world will see the letter in which she refused to consent to his abdication, and some people who profess to know many things will be surprised to learn by whom the proposal wa made, and when and how, Of course you will have seen the calumnies heaped upon the head of the unfortunate lady who has the malheur to be King Milan's wife, and who is now threatened with the loss of her only child. It seems to me quite monstrous to attack a woman, even if she is a Queen, merely because she protests against injustice and maintains her right to the care of her only child. But although she is alone and friendless, I feel

of all honest people. As Modest as Generous.

assured that she will be supported by the good opinion

San Francisco Examiner. The pastors of six churches in this State, five of them in this city, have been made happy by the reception of letters in each of which was inclosed a check for \$5,000, \$30,000 in all, to be used according to the custodian's judgment for the benefit of the church. The donor, whose name has not been made public, is a resident of this city, and is at present confined to his room through sickness. The letters were given into the custody of the philantropist's private secretary for delivery. Each letter asked the person to accept the check on behalf of the church he represented from one who desired to be relieved of the burden of part of his fortune, and who wanted to see good done by the contributions. The churches receiving the checks are the Presbyterian Church of Colusa, the First United Presbyterian Church of this city. St. John's and Central Presbyterian churches, and two others, the names of which were not obtained. Inquiry at the several churches were made, but the name of the philanthropist was

not revealed. Good Housekeeping.

A party of married gentlemen, within the hearing of the writer, were discussing, on an incoming suburban train, what, in their opinion, constituted good housekeeping. After several had expressed their views, which included the entire round of common household providing, one who had hitherto been silent, was appealed to for his views, when he said: "Gentlemen, ! have listened to your ideas with interest, and should say you were all good previders, but you have omitted one thing which I consider an essential in providing for one's household." "And what is that?" chorused his bearers. "A policy in a sound life insurance company," was the answer. "I would as soon think of keeping house without flour as without a policy on my life."